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Freedom Fuels Australia Pty Ltd ABN 49 093 244 761

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

#### 1.1 Product identifier

## Product name FREEDOM FUELS DIESEL

Synonyms GAS OIL

#### 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses DIESEL FUEL • FUEL • FUEL - DIESEL ENGINES

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	FREEDOM FUELS AUSTRALIA PTY LTD
Address	Unit 5, Theodore St, Eagle Farm, QLD, 4009, AUSTRALIA
Telephone	07 3268 5077
Fax	07 3268 6477
Email	info@freedomfuels.com.au
Website	http://www.freedomfuels.com.au

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Transport	0407 671 043
Terminalling	0407 671 043
EHS	0438 014 925
Retail	0438 781 736

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

### **Physical Hazards**

Flammable Liquids: Category 4

#### **Health Hazards**

Aspiration Hazard: Category 1 Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 (Narcotic Effects) Carcinogenicity: Category 2 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 2

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word DANGER







#### **FREEDOM FUELS DIESEL** PRODUCT NAME

#### Hazard statements

AUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Prevention statements

P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Response statements

Storage statements	
P391	Collect spillage.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P321	Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
•	

#### rage statements

P403 + P233 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.

## **Disposal statements**

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

## 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

## 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
FUELS, DIESEL (GASOIL - UNSPECIFIED)	68334-30-5	269-822-7	>90%
BIODIESEL	-	-	<5%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Also rest and keep warm.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
First aid facilities	Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.



## PRODUCT NAME FREEDOM FUELS DIESEL

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over exposure may result in central nervous system (CNS) effects. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema. Diesel engine exhaust is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1), based on sufficient evidence that exposure is associated with an increased risk for lung cancer.

#### 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition. Vapour may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Large storage areas should be bunded.

#### 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

#### Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

#### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



### PRODUCT NAME FREEDOM FUELS DIESEL

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof extraction ventilation is recommended.

#### PPE

Eye / Face	Wear splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear viton® or nitrile gloves.
Body	When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.
Respiratory	Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	CLEAR COLOURLESS TO STRAW COLOURED LIQUID WITH FLUORESCENT GREEN DYE
Odour	MILD CHARACTERISTIC ODOUR
Flammability	CLASS C1 COMBUSTIBLE
Flash point	> 61°C
Boiling point	180°C to 380°C
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT AVAILABLE
рН	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Relative density	0.82 to 0.85
Solubility (water)	INSOLUBLE
Vapour pressure	< 0.1 kPa
Upper explosion limit	5.0 %
Lower explosion limit	0.7 %
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	2.0 cSt to 4.5 cSt @ 40°C
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), heat and ignition sources.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

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## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May be harmful if inhaled.

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient		Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
FUELS, DIESEL (GASOIL - UNSPECIFIED)		7500 mg/kg (rat)		
Skin	Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis.			
Еуе	Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation and redness.			
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.			
Mutagenicity	Insufficient data available to	Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.		
Carcinogenicity	Diesel engine exhaust is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1), based on sufficient evidence that exposure is associated with an increased risk for lung cancer.			
Reproductive	Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.			
STOT - single exposure	Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat with coughing, as well as central nervous system (CNS) effects including headache, drowsiness and dizziness.			
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure. However, repeated exposure to some solvents have been reported to cause adverse effects to the central nervous system (CNS), liver and kidney.			
Aspiration	Aspiration into the lungs may result in chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.			

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Expected to be inherently biodegradable.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Low solubility and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

If released to soil, diesel fuel will strongly adsorb. It may biodegrade in water and soil or volatilise from water (half-life of ~5 hrs) and moist soil surfaces. In water adsorption to sediment should be important. If released to the atmosphere, will degrade in vapour phase by reaction with hydroxyl radicals (half-life ~1 day). Toxic to most fish at 2-100 ppm.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposalDispose of by controlled incineration equipped with afterburner and scrubber, by licensed or competent<br/>personnel. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).LegislationDispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD (IN ACCORDANCE WITH IMDG ONLY)

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#### PRODUCT NAME FREEDOM FUELS DIESEL

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None allocated.	3082	None allocated.
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None allocated.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains diesel)	None allocated.
14.3 Transport hazard class	None allocated.	9	None allocated.
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.		None allocated.

## 14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant.

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code	None allocated.	
EmS	F-A, S-F	
Other information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in packages of les than 5 kg/L (UN Model Regulations: Special Provision 375; IATA: Special Provision A197; IMDO Special Provision 969) or less than 500 kg/L by Australian Road and Rail. Diesel with a hig flashpoint is not classified as a Dangerous Good by Road & Rail in Australia (Australian special provision AU02, Subsection 3.3.3).	

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Poison schedule** Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**Classifications** Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals) All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional information STORAGE OF COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS. Combustible liquids with a flash point between 61°C and 150°C are required to be stored as for flammable liquids (Dangerous Goods Class 3) under AS 1940. [Refer to Australian Standard 1940, Storage and Handling of Flammable and Combustible Liquids, for full storage guidelines].

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

DIESEL - PETROL STORAGE TANKS: Individuals should not enter poorly ventilated areas or a confined space (e.g. fuel storage tanks) without consulting AS/NZS 2865 - Safe Working in a Confined Space. An air supplied breathing apparatus may be required if adequate ventilation is not ensured.

WORK PRACTICES - SOLVENTS: Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

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HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists			
	CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds		
	CNS	Central Nervous System		
	EC No.	EC No - European Community Number		
	EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)		
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System		
	GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide		
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer		
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration		
	LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose		
	mg/m³	Milligrams per Cubic Metre		
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit		
	рН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).		
	ppm	Parts Per Million		
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit		
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)		
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)		
	SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons		
	SWA	Safe Work Australia		
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value		
	TWA	Time Weighted Average		
Report status	This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').			
	It is based manufacture the current at the time directly from	on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the er, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained in the manufacturer, importer or supplier.		
	While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.			
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